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([INNOVATION](#) - [Patents and Projects](#), with relevant BPs and StartKit Commercial Offers)

JWTeam - http://www.expotv1.com/ESCP_NUT_Team.pdf

Offers extensive support on [Energy and Water Cycle](#), verse [IP S DGs / UN](#)

Summary – Applications (to SDGs)

[PBRC https://patentscope.wipo.int/search/en/detail.jsf?docId=WO2016092583](https://patentscope.wipo.int/search/en/detail.jsf?docId=WO2016092583)

MicroAlgae - generate oleic and protein components for Bio-Fuel and Feed / Food . PBRC is dedicated to algal cultivation, both for purposes useful for the oleic supply chain (energy, biodiesel, hydrogen , ...) and the protein supply chain (feed / food , cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, ...). Very compact system that uses only renewable energy, with large specific growth indices. with great flexibility and penetrability even towards urban and peri-urban settlements . Excellent solution for CO2 capture and disposal of NPK salts deriving from other processes (e.g. anaerobic digesters) . It offers significant contrast in load inorganic from metals contributing to performance on " **Water cycle** " .

Project: PBRC - PhtoBioReactorContinuous

Objective : Launch a pre- assembly and testing site (procedures and manuals) for the production of tanks

Target: Prefabricated (CLS) companies, Operators in the power LED sector, Hydromechanics companies , Financial investors, Operators in the AGRO and BioGas / BioMethane sector

The project aims to activate a production site, from design to assembly (pro delivery and rapid assembly), with the development of production-oriented procedures agreed with the client (based on the products available for supply) and destinations of the outputs produced. The solutions rely on standard products from the water management and prefabricated market, LED products integrated with RES, assembled and tested with a view to optimizing the cultivation of algal strains functional to the commissioned objectives. In collaboration with internal and external laboratories, it will act as remote support for the installations in charge (EPC - Engineering , Procurement and Construction) .

Summary: The proposed method consists of the following steps; an aqueous mixture containing an inoculum, i.e. a small quantity of microalgae to be cultivated, is introduced into a tank divided into two parts by a bulkhead . The mixture follows a sinuous path in the first part of the tank, along which it is irradiated by a radiation spectrum suitable for the development and growth of microalgae. NPKx salts (containing nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium) and CO2 are also added along the way , which promote algal growth. The mixture, highly enriched with microalgae, passes into the second part of the tank, where it is subjected to ultrasound which destroys the algae, separating them into oleic and protein components. This action causes the formation of a new aqueous mixture in which there is an oleic fraction, a protein fraction and a neutral fraction. The new aqueous mixture undergoes a spontaneous gravimetric separation in such a way that: a) the lighter oleic fraction migrates to the upper part of the new mixture; b) the heavier protein fraction migrates to the lower part of the new mixture; c) the neutral fraction, composed almost exclusively of water, remains in the intermediate part of the new mixture. The three fractions are taken separately. The neutral fraction is recycled containing inoculum for the starting aqueous mixture. The proposed device includes: a) a tank designed to contain the aqueous mixture; b) one or more bulkheads designed to delimit a path from an entry point to an exit point, said bulkheads being homogeneous diffusing panels of a radiative spectrum suitable for the cultivation phase; c) means designed to supply the fluid mixture with NPK salts (salts containing nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium) and CO2, said means being arranged along said path; d) means designed to produce ultrasounds, positioned at the final point of said path, said ultrasounds being of sufficient power to destroy the algae by separating them into oleic and protein components, giving rise to a new fluid mixture in which an oleic phase, a protein and a neutral phase; e) means designed to spread said new fluid mixture, in order to carry out a gravimetric separation of said oleic, protein and neutral phases; f) means designed to separately collect the said oleic, protein and neutral phases.

This method and device have some advantages over traditional microalgae cultivation and extraction techniques. For example:

- They reduce the space required and adapt to urban and suburban logistics;
- They mainly exploit renewable and environmentally friendly energy sources;
- They obtain high growth rates and a continuous production cycle of the oil and protein fractions;
- They avoid the mechanical movement of the algal mass and its exposure to environmental thermal cycles;
- They limit the risks of biological and chemical contamination from the environment.

[SDGs / UN en](#) - [SDGs / UN it](#)

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